





Interpretation of Pulmonary Function Tests Lecture

Aim of Session:

- To outline the role of pulmonary function testing in the assessment and management of respiratory disease
- The student should understand and interpret pulmonary function tests, and understand their indications and limits.



Learning Objectives:

By the end of the course delegates will be able to:

- Understand the role of clinical assessment in the diagnosis of disease
- Understand the changes in pulmonary function parameters that occur as a result of a variety of disease/disorders.
- To learn how to write a clinical report
- To be able to critically analyze test results
- To learn how to interpret lung function results and relate these findings to disease processes and or clinical diagnosis.
- Describe the pathophysiological changes in a range of respiratory disease.
- Discuss the role of pulmonary function tests to confirm or refute a clinical diagnosis of
- > Airway disease.
- Interstitial Lung Disease
- Rheumatic and Connective Tissue Disorders







- Outline the role of pulmonary function tests in monitoring the progression and effects of therapeutic interventions on:
- > Airway disease.
- > Interstitial Lung Disease
- Rheumatic and Connective Tissue Disorders
- Be able to specify how spirometry is performed.
- Describe what a spirometer measures and be able to define the following terms:
- vital capacity (VC)
- > forced vital capacity (FVC)
- forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1)
- > FEV1 /FVC %
- ➤ forced expiratory flow over 25-75% of FVC (FEF 25-75%)

At beginning of gas dilution test

After several minutes

Who should attend?

- Medical Students
- Nurses
- Allied Health Staff